Ganado Unified School District Introduction to Health Occupations/10th Grade

PACING Guide SY 2014-2015

Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
Resources ^{1st} Quarter: Textbook, Workbook, Internet, Ppt, ECAP, Posters, Vocabulary, Math, Guest Speakers Unit 1: Chapter 1: Introduction to Being a Health Care Worker	Standard Chapter 1-4 1 st four chapters are Pre-requisite for following chapters No standards available except older deleted version of standards	(HESS Matrix) Why is it important for health care workers to learn all of the complicated health care procedures and maintain confidentiality?	I will survey health care procedures and hypothesize the importance of maintaining and incorporating confidentiality.	(Content/Academic) 1.1 primitive, predators, superstition, exorcise, trephining, intravenously, accurate, anatomy, observation, symptom, ethics, convents, monasteries, custodial, epidemics, vaccines, dissection, physiology, quackery, stethoscope, respiration, microbiology, microorganisms, pasteurization, antiseptic, asepsis, anesthesia, psychology, psychiatry, replicate, telemedicine, recipient, noninvasive, geriatric, phlebotomy 1.2 professional, accredited, entrepreneur, appearance, commitment, recommendations, courteous, maintain,
				converse, stance, hygiene, confidentiality, reprimanded
Chapter 2:	Chapter 2	What alternative	I will analyze the types of Health	2.1 Facilities, diagnostic,

Understanding Health Care Systems	Career Exploration 10.0 Analyze How Social, Organizational and Technological Systems Operate 10.1 Demonstrate basic knowledge of operations and functions of technology systems 10.2 Identify the uses of technology in industry, education, the political arena, and day-to-day consumer affairs 10.3 Explore the social, ethical, and human issues related to using technology in daily lives 10.4 Identify the effects of societal, economic and technological trends on occupations 10.5 Explore the impact of managing a career in a global economy	would you suggest to the patient/client concerning health care availability?	Care Providers and Health Care Systems available and generate a directory for patient/clients.	surgical, chronic, psychiatric, geriatric, convalescence ambulatory, specialties, outpatients, occupational therapy, recreational therapy, hydrotherapy, prosthetics, immunizations, communicable, maternal, licensing, environmental sanitation, podiatry, hypertension, endowments, refer, audiology, obstetrics, orthopedics, chiropractic, urology, tend, managed care, radiology, therapeutic 2.2 Lawsuits, systems, legislation, bulk, intervention, co-payment, deductible, co-insurance, benefits, eligibility, preventive, premium, compensation
Chapter 3: Finding the Right Occupation for You	Chapter 3 Career Exploration 1.0 EVALUATE INDIVIDUAL STRENGTHS, VALUES AND PERSONALITY TRAITS 1.1 Evaluate the importance of a positive self concept 1.2 Explore and relate personal achievements, interests and skills to career	How would you generate a plan for choosing a career that is right for you?	I will categorize a variety of Heath Care Careers to formulate the career that is right for me	Interest, career, occupation, value, compromising, priorities, leisure, wages, ability, job outlook, portfolio, vocational, clerical, payroll, apprenticeship, deviations, extract, discharging, resume, letters of

options 1.3 Evaluate how personality traits, behavioral styles and personal values influence work habits 1.4 Evaluate how personality traits, behavioral styles and values align with career options 2.0 EXPLORE A VARIETY OF OCCUPATIONAL AREAS 2.1 Demonstrate the use of technology and other resources to research and obtain career information 2.2 Research occupations within Career Pathways and Career Clusters 2.3 Explore various occupations and classify into career clusters 2.4 Identify the skills, educational requirements and program of study related to different occupations 2.5 Create a financial plan to reach at least one career option 3.0 DEMONSTRATE AN UNDERSTANDING OF ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT AND PERFORMANCE REQUIRED FOR MEETING CAREER GOALS 3.1 Investigate all postsecondary options; such as two and four year college, military, technical schools, apprenticeships, and on- the-job training 3.2 Assess the importance of educational achievement; appropriate course selection for	THIMMING THIMMING COMMUNICATION SELF & SOCIAL AMARENESS	CHREE	recommendation, job application, applicant, full-time, part-time, cover letter, dignity, excellence, service, fairness, priority, budget, HOSA, extemporaneous, professional development, career plan, mentor, accredited
technical schools, apprenticeships, and on-			
career opportunities; life-long learning and			
success in the workplace			
3.3 Analyze the education and training			
required to achieve career goals			
3.4 Explore possible barriers to achieving career goals			
Calter goals			

	 4.0 DEMONSTRATE CAREER PLANNING SKILLS 4.1 Demonstrate skills to locate, understand and use career information 4.2 Research school and community resources to explore educational and occupational choices 4.3 Develop a 4-6 year career and educational plan 4.4 Develop, maintain, and update a career portfolio 6.0 DEVELOP COMMUNICATION SKILLS FOR PUBLIC AND WORKPLACE ENVIRONMENTS 6.1 Utilize interpersonal skills to interact positively with others 6.2 Demonstrate active listening skills 6.3 Evaluate the impact of nonverbal communication 6.4 Demonstrate ability to take constructive criticism from others and apply it in a positive manner 6.5 Communicate using demonstration and presentation skills 6.7 Evaluate and apply techniques for conflict resolution 6.8 Demonstrate a general understanding of behavioral styles and their impact on effective communication 	THIMMUMIC ATTENN SELF & BOCIAL AWARENIESS		
Chapter 4: Employability and Leadership	Chapter 4 Career Exploration 7.0 DEVELOP LEADERSHIP AND TEAMWORK SKILLS REQUIRED FOR THE WORKPLACE 7.1 Demonstrate responsibility,	How would you generate a plan for developing job- seeking skills?	I will assess, identify and develop job-seeking skills.	Interest, career, occupation, value, compromising, priorities, leisure, wages, ability, job outlook, portfolio, vocational, clerical,

	dependability, punctuality, cooperation, integrity, and positive attitude expected in the workplace 7.2 Adapt organizational and time management skills for task completion 7.3 Model and demonstrate leadership skills 7.4 Demonstrate teamwork skills 7.5 Outline team dynamics Biases, prejudices, inferior, impatience, annoyance, communication, labeling, courteous, elements, gestures, pertinent, fax machine, cover page, recipient, attachment, memorandum, username, internet, Web site, credible, reliable, etiquette, HEDIS, antagonist, homeostasis, invasive, tomography, transversely, contingency, observation, subjective, objective, flushed, distress, documentation, legible, narrative, confidential, sufficient	THUMMUNIC ATTON	CARSER	payroll, apprenticeship, deviations, extract, discharging, resume, letters of recommendation, job application, applicant, full-time, part-time, cover letter, dignity, excellence, service, fairness, priority, budget, HOSA, extemporaneous, professional development, career plan, mentor, accredited
Chapter 8: Teamwork	Chapter 8 7.0 DEVELOP LEADERSHIP AND TEAMWORK SKILLS REQUIRED FOR THE WORKPLACE 7.1 Demonstrate responsibility, dependability, punctuality, cooperation, integrity, and positive attitude expected in the workplace 7.2 Adapt organizational and time management skills for task completion 7.3 Model and demonstrate leadership skills 7.4 Demonstrate teamwork skills 7.5 Outline team dynamics	Predict the outcome of developing leadership and teamwork skills in the work-place.	I will differentiate what constitutes teamwork and justify being a team- player.	Teamwork, dynamics, conflict, cohesiveness, interdisciplinary, delegation, feedback, discipline, collaborate, interdependent, goals, mission statement, prioritize, roles, tasks, productivity, compromise, facilitator
Chapter 9: Effective Communication	Chapter 9 Career Exploration 6.0 DEVELOP COMMUNICATION SKILLS FOR PUBLIC AND	How would you determine if your communication is appropriate and	I will classify and determine effective communication essential to generate appropriate and accurate health care.	Biases, prejudices, inferior, impatience, annoyance, communication, labeling,

WORKPLACE	accurate for your		courteous, elements,
ENVIRONMENTS	patient/client?		gestures, pertinent, fax
6.1 Utilize interpersonal skills to interact			machine, cover page,
positively with others	-		recipient, attachment,
6.2 Demonstrate active listening skills	-		memorandum, username,
6.3 Evaluate the impact of nonverbal			internet, Web site,
communication	50A032		credible, reliable,
6.4 Demonstrate ability to take constructive			etiquette, HEDIS,
criticism from others and apply it in a	1.1.1		antagonist, homeostasis,
positive manner	1		invasive, tomography,
6.5 Communicate using demonstration and	THENRY AND A		transversely, contingency,
presentation skills			observation, subjective,
6.6 Communicate using written			objective, flushed,
communication skills		A A	distress, documentation,
6.7 Evaluate and apply techniques for	CHARMENT AND A CONTRACT	Long La	legible, narrative,
conflict resolution	COMMUNICATION .		confidential, sufficient
6.8 Demonstrate a general understanding of	Contract of the second	CARGER	
behavioral styles and their impact on	and the second second	N. HILLER	
effective communication			

Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
2nd Quarter:	CTE State Standards		I will explain the importance of	Minor, law, living will,
Textbook,	1.0 Demonstrate Ethical and Legal	A REAL OF THE PARTY AND	establishing the patient/client's bill of	durable power of
Workbook,	Conduct in All Nursing Related	SELF & BOCIAL	rights.	attorney, continuity of
Internet, Ppt,	Activities	用的这书我的任务 5		care
ECAP,Posters,	1.1 Examine ethical and legal issues in			Ombudsman, licensure,
Vocabulary,	the nursing services field			certification, registration,
Math, Guest	1.2 Examine personal ethics, morals and			relevant, written consent,
Speakers	values			The Health Insurance
	1.3 Compare and contrast behaviors and			Portability and
Unit 1:	practices that could result in malpractice,			Accountability Act
Chapter 5:	liability or negligence			(HIPAA), exempt,
Understanding	1.4 Explain risk management protocols			contracts, directive, legal
Your Legal	(e.g., incident reporting)			disability,
Obligations	1.5 Use problem solving processes when			Civil law, tort, scope of
* Patient's Rights	dealing with legal issues			practice, malpractice,

* Your Legal Responsibilities * Medical Liability	 1.6 Practice appropriate ethical and legal standards for health care professional 1.7 Maintain code of ethics and organization's ethical protocols 1.8 Interpret, explain and apply the Patient's Bill of Rights 1.9 Provide for resident/patient privacy 1.10 Identify methods to ensure resident/patient confidentiality, including potential Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) violations 1.11 Maintain resident/ patient confidentiality 1.12 Describe the role of oversight organizations (JCAHO) and Centers for Medical Services 1.13 Describe ways that a resident/patient may be subject to abuse and identify contributing factors 1.14 Promote the resident/patient's rights to be free from abuse, mistreatment and neglect 1.15 Report any instance (or suspicion) of abuse, mistreatment or neglect to the appropriate supervisor 1.16 Comply with legal, regulatory and accreditation standards or codes such as the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) 1.17 Adhere to the standards for workers' rights, harassment, labor and employment laws 	THIMBUNIC ATTOM		liable, diagnosis, informed consent, resultant, defamatory, misrepresentation, obligation
Chapter 6:	Career Exploration	Why is reporting an illegal	I will explain why following a code	Ethics, appropriate,

Medical Ethics * Roles and Responsibilities of Health Care	8.0 ANALYZE AND DEVELOP LEGAL AND ETHICAL BEHAVIORS 8.1 Describe a workplace attendance	or unethical incident important and how do you determine if an incident is reportable?	of ethics is important.	project, confidential, responsibility, harass
Worker * Recognizing and Reporting Illegal and Unethical Behaviors	policy 8.2 Choose ethical courses of action in school and work settings 8.3 Describe the relationship and roles of supervisors, employees and co-workers 8.4 Determine rules of safe and appropriate conduct when using the internet and email 8.5 Explain the consequences of illegal and unethical use of information technology 8.6 Explain the consequences of sexual			
1	harassment 8.7 Identify legal implications of discrimination		CARSER	
Chapter 7: Wellness * Holistic Health * Understanding Human Needs * Cross-Cultural Terms and Principles	Chapter 7: CTE/Nursing Services State Standards 10.0 Assist The Resident/Patient in Meeting Nutritional Needs 10.1 - Explain optimal nutritional status for the resident/patient across the life span 10.2 - Recognize personal, cultural and religious variations in diet 10.3 - Examine therapeutic diets 10.4 - Demonstrate procedure for ensuring resident/patient receives the diet as ordered and appropriate actions for inaccuracies 10.5 - Prepare and present meal in a home setting 10.6 - Provide meals to the	Justify why the statement "All people are alike; they are human" is or is not wrong in terms of cultural awareness?	I will explain why wellness and preventive care are essential to the psychological and physiological needs of multi-cultural health care facilities.	Infirmity, holistic, aerobic, elimination, self- esteem, value, friction, stability, aggressiveness, hostility, idolizing, prejudge, traditional, prohibit

	resident/patient 10.7 - Prepare and position resident/patient for meals 10.8 - Provide and restrict fluids as ordered 10.9 - Assist the resident/patient with eating using effective feeding techniques 10.10 - Demonstrate use of assistive eating devices 10.11 - Measure and record appropriate nutritional data, including meal percentage, intake and output	Тисано		
Chapter 10: Medical Terminology * Pronunciations * Word Elements * Terms * Abbreviations	Chapter 10: CTE/Nursing Services State Standards Standard 6.0 Use Correct Medical Terminology For Nursing Services 6.1 - Apply knowledge of body systems and functions as a basis for using medical terminology 6.2 - Pronounce technical terms correctly 6.3 - Demonstrate use of common symbols, roots, and abbreviations 6.4 - Demonstrate use of common prefixes and suffixes 6.5 - Demonstrate specific vocabulary, procedures, abbreviations and word elements for defined work areas 6.6 - Use medical terminology to interpret, transcribe and communicate information, data and observations	You have several co- workers who have English as their second language. They are having problems learning and understanding medical terminology. They cannot interpret certain terms. Explain how you would go about helping your co-workers to be more productive?	I will define roots, prefixes, and suffixes in order to create new medical terminology and analyze terminology to infer meaning commonly used by health care workers.	Terminology, word roots, suffixes, prefixes, combining vowels, metric prefixes, kilo-, hector-, deka-, deci-, centi-, milli-, meters

	(including sound alike and look alike terms)			
Chapter 11:	Chapter 11:	Why it imperative that	1. Add and Subtract whole numbers,	Terminology, word roots,
Medical Math	Math Common Core Standards	health care workers be able		suffixes, prefixes,
* Math Review	3.MD.1. Tell and write time to the	to use metrics, military	decimals, and percentages.	combining vowels, metric
* The Metric	nearest minute and measure time	time, and basic math	2. Multiply and divide whole numbers, fractions, mixed numbers,	prefixes, kilo-, hector-,
	intervals in minutes. Solve word			
System * The 24-Hour		computations?	decimals, and percentages.	deka-, deci-, centi-, milli-,
Clock/Military	problems involving addition and subtraction of time intervals in minutes,		3. Convert decimals to percentages and percentages to decimals.	meters
Time		THINKING		
1 line	e.g., by representing the problem on a	The state of the s	4. Identify metric measures of length and volume.	
	number line diagram.		Convert Greenwich time to 24-Hour	
	Connections: 3.RI.3; 3.RI.7; ET03- S1C4-01		time.	
	3.MP.1. Make sense of problems and		time.	
	persevere in solving them.	COMMUNIC STICK		
	3.MP.4. Model with mathematics.	A. Communications		
	3.MP.6. Attend to precision.		CARSEN	
	3.MD.2. Measure and estimate liquid			
	volumes and masses of objects using			
	standard units of grams (g), kilograms	1004001115		
	(kg), and liters (l). (Excludes compound			
	units such as cm3 and finding the		A STREET	
	geometric volume of a container.) Add,			
	subtract, multiply, or divide to solve	SELF & BOCIAL		
	one-step word problems involving	A MARRINESS		
	masses or volumes that are given in the	partie the set	1	
	same units, e.g., by using drawings (such			
	as a beaker with a measurement scale) to			
	represent the problem. Excludes			
	multiplicative comparison problems			
	(problems involving notions of —times			
	as much ; see Table 2).			
	Connections: SC03-S1C2-04; 3.RI.3;			
	3.RI.4; 3.SL.3;			
	3.MP.1. Make sense of problems and			
	persevere in solving them.			
	3.MP.2. Reason abstractly and			

	 quantitatively, 3.MP.4. Model with mathematics. 3.MP.5. Use appropriate tools strategically. 3.MP.6. Attend to precision. HS.N-Q.1. Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays. Connections: SCHS-S1C4-02; SSHS-S5C5-01 HS.MP.6. Attend to precision. HS.N-Q.2. Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling. Connection: SSHS-S5C5-01 		CRITISER	
Chapter 12: Measurement and the Scientific Process * <i>The Scientific</i> <i>Process</i> * <i>Measurement</i> * <i>Graphs, Charts,</i> <i>and Tables</i>	Chapter 12: Math Common Core Standards 3.MD.1. Tell and write time to the nearest minute and measure time intervals in minutes. Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of time intervals in minutes, e.g., by representing the problem on a number line diagram. Connections: 3.RI.3; 3.RI.7; ET03- S1C4-01 3.MP.1. Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. 3.MP.4. Model with mathematics. 3.MP.6. Attend to precision. 3.MD.2. Measure and estimate liquid volumes and masses of objects using	Why is precision and accuracy important when making measurements?	 List the eight basic steps of scientific methods. Describe the process of estimating and rounding various numbers. Describe, explain and draw three kinds of graphs and what kind of data is represented by tables and each type of graph. 	Scientific Methods, observations, hypothesis, controlled experiments, volume, mass, weight, estimate, accuracy, precision, data, variables, axes, proportions, metric prefixes, kilo-, hector-, deka-, deci-, centi-, milli-, meters

standard units of grams (g), kilograms			
(kg), and liters (l). (Excludes compound			
units such as cm3 and finding the			
geometric volume of a container.) Add,			
subtract, multiply, or divide to solve			
one-step word problems involving			
masses or volumes that are given in the	C.A.C.C2		
same units, e.g., by using drawings (such			
as a beaker with a measurement scale) to			
represent the problem. Excludes	(
multiplicative comparison problems	THE PERSON NEWS		
(problems involving notions of —times			
as muchl; see Table 2).			
Connections: SC03-S1C2-04; 3.RI.3;			
3.RI.4; 3.SL.3;		Jan Ca	here a
3.MP.1. Make sense of problems and	COMMUNICATION		
persevere in solving them.	and the second s	2 8 8 6 6 B	
3.MP.2. Reason abstractly and		N. NILLEY N	
quantitatively,			
3.MP.4. Model with mathematics.			
3.MP.5. Use appropriate tools	1000		
strategically.			
3.MP.6. Attend to precision.			
HS.N-Q.1. Use units as a way to	And the second s		
understand problems and to guide the	SELF H BOCHL		
solution of multi-step problems; choose	用纳本书和46855		
and interpret units consistently in			
formulas; choose and interpret the scale			
and the origin in graphs and data			
displays.			
Connections: SCHS-S1C4-02; SSHS-			
S5C5-01			
HS.MP.4. Model with mathematics.			
HS.MP.5. Use appropriate tools			
strategically.			
HS.MP.6. Attend to precision.			
HS.N-Q.2. Define appropriate quantities			
for the purpose of descriptive modeling.			

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Timeline &	AZ College and Career Readiness	Essential Question	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
Resources	Standard	(HESS Matrix)		(Content/Academic)
3rd Quarter:	Chapter 13:	Why is "how your body	1. The student will describe the	13.1 Cell, microscopic,
Textbook,	CTE/Nursing Services State	functions" a significant	relationship between cells, tissues,	function, nutrients,
Workbook,	Standards	element every health care	organs, and major body functions and	reproduction, nucleus,
Internet, Ppt,	5.0 ANALYZE HUMAN BODY	worker should know?	why the overall structure is vital to	cytoplasm, cell
Posters,	SYSTEMS RELATIVE TO		the body.	membrane, tissues,
Vocabulary,	COMMON CONDITIONS AND	The second second	2. The student will identify names,	epithelial, connective
Math, Guest	DISORDERS AND THEIR CARE	THENHERE:	locations and functions of bones and	tissue, disease, composed,
Speakers	5.1 - Differentiate between wellness and		joints of the skeletal system.	structure, anterior, distal,
-	illness		3. The student will identify the	anatomical position,
Chapter 13:	5.2 - Recognize abnormal changes in		purpose of the muscular system,	plane, posterior, sacral
* Overview of the	body function and report such changes to	ments (b) and a second	including the names and location s of	region, vessels, tone,
body	a supervisor	COMMUNICATION .	muscles and how they control	13.2 Circulation,
*The Skeletal	5.3 - Observe and report abnormal signs	and the second	movement.	components, conception,
System	and symptoms of common diseases and	and the second se	4. The student will infer the functions	embryo, cartilage,
* The Muscular	conditions		of arteries, veins, blood, and the	flexible, brittle, porous,
System	5.4 - Care for resident/patient with		heart.	axial, appendicular,
* The Circulatory	common conditions and disorders of the	A	5. The student will gain knowledge	penetrates, calcify,
System	Integumentary system	44	of how the lymphatic system helps	sedentary, spontaneous,
* The Lymphatic	5.5 - Care for resident/patient with		the body fight disease and build	lateral, fixation,
System	common conditions and disorders of the		immunity.	13.3 Digestion, elastic,
* The Digestive	muscular system	SELP & BOCIAL	6. The student will identify the	myosin, actin,
System	5.6 - Care for resident/patient with	用的本书EMESS	respiratory system, the lungs, and	contraction, voluntary,
* The Urinary	common conditions and disorders of the		how they function to provide oxygen	contract, involuntary,
System	skeletal system		and remove carbon dioxide and water	axis, deteriorate
* The Endocrine	5.7 - Care for residents/patients with		vapor.	13.4 Oxygen, waste
System	common conditions and disorders of the		7. The student will explain how the	products, adequate,
* The Nervous	nervous system		body breaks down food into	oxygenated,
System	5.8 - Care for resident/patient with		nutrients, and how it eliminates waste	unoxygenated, carbon
* The	common conditions and disorders of the	× ×	in the digestive system.	dioxide, primarily,
Reproductive	cardiovascular system		8. Students will identify the urinary	extremities,
System	5.9 - Care for resident/patient with		system process of maintaining the	13.5 Interstitial, plasma,
* The	common conditions and disorders of the		water balance within the body.	lymphocytes, monocytes,
Integumentary	lymphatic system		9. Students will learn the names and	antigens, antibodies,
				U -,,

System	5.10 - Care for resident/patient with		locations of the glands and how they	phagocytes, active
* Genetics	common conditions and disorders of the		function in the endocrine system.	immunity, passive
	respiratory system		10. Students will identify the parts of	immunity, parasitic,
	5.11 - Care for resident/patient with		the nervous system by name,	13.6
	common conditions and disorders of the		location, and the importance of a	Inspiration/inhalation,
	gastrointestinal system		properly working nervous system.	expiration/exhalation,
	5.12 - Care for resident/patient with	0.A.112	11. Students will differentiate	pouch, cilia, pollutants,
	common conditions and disorders of the		between male and female	malignant,
	urinary system		reproductive organs and diseases and	13.7 Absorption, anus,
	5.13 - Care for resident/patient with	1	disorders that can affect proper	alimentary canal,
	common conditions and disorders of the	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	function.	secretion, amylase, bolus,
	endocrine system		12. Students will identify the	peristalsis, sphincter,
	5.14 - Care for resident/patient with		composition of the skin and how it	chime, minute, villi,
	common conditions and disorders of the		protects the body.	feces, evacuated, insulin,
	reproductive system		13. Students will be introduced to	flatulence, defecation,
10		COMMUNICATION	DNA and how genetics impact the	metabolism, diarrhea,
	RESPECTS	and a fight of the second s	body and disease.	epigastric, jaundice,
	DEVEDENCE			13.8 Nephron,
				mechanism, obstruction,
				dialysis, infuses,
		A 4		peritoneal cavity, edema,
			A DESIGNATION OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNER OWNER OWNER OWNER OWNE OWNER OWNE OWNER OWNE OWNE OWNE OWNE OWNE OWNE OWNE OWNE	13.9 Metabolism,
				excreted, sebaceous,
				lacrimal, hormones,
		SELF & BOCIAL		pigmentation,
		用的本书和的655		13.10 stimuli, peripheral,
				ganglia, neuron, duct,
				pigmented, scattering,
				equilibrium, ossicles,
				amplify, translate,
				receptors, subcutaneous,
	<u></u>			13.11 sex cells, fetus,
				estrogen, matures, ovum,
				endometrium,
				menstruation,
				spermatozoa,
				testosterone, semen,

Chapter 14: Human Growth and Development * Development and Behavior * Aging and Role Change * Disabilities and Role Change * End-of-Life Issues	Chapter 14: CTE/Nursing Services State Standards 5.0 ANALYZE HUMAN BODY SYSTEMS RELATIVE TO COMMON CONDITIONS AND DISORDERS AND THEIR CARE 5.1 - Differentiate between wellness and illness 5.2 - Recognize abnormal changes in body function and report such changes to a supervisor 5.3 - Observe and report abnormal signs and symptoms of common diseases and conditions	Why human growth is divided into stages and describe the characteristics of each stage of development.	 Design a bulletin board representing one stage of growth and development, including age-specific communication requirements from 6 weeks thru geriatrics. Students will identify how people cope with death and pain, including a lengthy terminal illness, pain management, hospice care, and ethics of euthanasia. 	monogamous, 13.12 Epidermis, sloughed, 13.13 deoxyribonucleic acid, nucleotides, chromosomes, genes, traits, genome, alleles, dominant, recessive, Continuum, zygote, coordination, adolescent, decade, viable, prone, supine, heterogeneous, adaptation, reflexes, stamina, alveolar- capillary, constipation, propensity, retention, environment, adapt, syndrome, congenital conditions, debilitating, embryonic, neurological, episodes, intoxication, hereditary, hemoglobin, hernial, meninges, dysfunction, enzyme, deficiency, coma, amputation, opportunistic infections, disorientation, arteriosclerosis, lipid, progressive, isolated, impending, philosophy Mental illness, anxiety,
5.0 ANALYZE	5.0 ANALYZE HUMAN BODY	worker need a knowledge	all key terms in each section.	anxiety disorder, phobia,
HUMAN BODY	SYSTEMS RELATIVE TO	of mental health, common	2. Types of mental illness; anxiety,	obsession, compulsion,
SYSTEMS	COMMON CONDITIONS AND	types of mental illness and	mood, personality, attention, eating,	PTSD, bipolar disorder,
RELATIVE TO	DISORDERS AND THEIR CARE	techniques for treating	drug, and Alzheimer's.	psychosis, major
COMMON	5.1 - Differentiate between wellness and	mental illness?	3. Causes of mental illness;	depressive disorder,

CONDITIONS AND DISORDERS AND THEIR CARE 5.1 - Differentiate between wellness and illness 5.2 - Recognize abnormal changes in body function and report such changes to a supervisor 5.3 - Observe and report abnormal signs and symptoms of common diseases and conditions	illness 5.2 - Recognize abnormal changes in body function and report such changes to a supervisor 5.3 - Observe and report abnormal signs and symptoms of common diseases and conditions	THUMMUNIC ATTON	biological, environmental, and social. 4. Techniques used to treat mental illness; medication, psychotherapy, hospitalization, music, pet, and art.	schizophrenia, paranoia, attention deficit hyperactivity disorder, drug, drug addiction, Alzheimer's disease, psychotherapy, psychiatrist, psychologist, withdrawal
Chapter 16: * Basic Nutrition * Therapeutic Diets	Chapter 16: CTE/Nursing Services State Standards Standard 10.0 Assist the Resident/Patient in Meeting Nutritional Needs 10.1 - Explain optimal nutritional status for the resident/patient across the life span 10.2 - Recognize personal, cultural and religious variations in diet 10.3 - Examine therapeutic diets 10.4 - Demonstrate procedure for ensuring resident/patient receives the diet as ordered and appropriate actions for inaccuracies 10.5 - Prepare and present meal in a home setting	A patient comes to the clinic complaining of a digestive disorder. Why would having knowledge of nutrition be important in identifying a diet appropriate for this patient?	 Identify the five basic nutrients and explain how they maintain body function. Perform volume conversions. Examine and explain the USDA food pyramid. Compare your diet with the recommendations in the USDA food pyramid. Select a correct therapeutic diet for physical disorders. Identify four commonly abused substances and their negative impacts on the human body. 	Vitality, resistance, regulate, essential, cellulose, malnutrition, metabolize, calorie, protein, amino acids, lipids, minerals, vitamins, digestion, cholesterol, absorption, excreted, metabolism, hemoglobin, binging, purging, obesity, metabolic, deficient, gastrointestinal, colitis, ileitis, diabetes mellitus, soluble, atherosclerosis, anorexia nervosa, hypertension, lactation

10.6 - Provide meals to the resident/patient10.7 - Prepare and position resident/patient for meals10.8 - Provide and restrict fluids as ordered10.9 - Assist the resident/patient with eating using effective feeding techniques10.10 - Demonstrate use of assistive eating devices10.11 - Measure and record appropriate nutritional data, including meal percentage, intake and output	THINNIAL		
percentage, intake and output		A	

Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
4th Quarter: Textbook, Workbook, Internet, Ppt, ECAP, Posters, Vocabulary, Math, Guest	RESPECTS		CARGER	
Speakers Chapter 17:	Chapter 17:	Differentiate the ways	1. Chapter vocabulary	Microorganisms, viruses,
* The Natur4e of	CTE/Nursing Services State	infection are spread and as	Conditions affecting the growth of	anaerobic, saprophytes,
Microorganisms	Standards	a health care worker	bacteria	parasites, pathogenic,
* Asepsis and	Standard 2.0 USE STANDARD	describe preventive	2. Ways microorganisms and viruses	nonpathogenic,
Standard	PRECAUTIONS AND SAFETY	measures you can take to	are spread	decompose, rickettsiae,
Precautions	MEASURES APPROPRIATE FOR	avoid contracting	3. Generalized and localized	spirochetes, host,
* Transmission-	NURSING SERVICES	microorganisms through	infections	urethritis, cystitis,
Based Precautions	2.1 - Explain the infectious process and	asepsis.	4. Terms related to medical asepsis	salmonella, toxins,
* Bloodborne	modes of transmission of disease		and their meanings	enterotoxin, protest,
Diseases and	2.2 - Apply Center for Disease Control		Standard Precautions guidelines	susceptible, chain of
Precautions	(CDC) and Prevention guidelines related		5. Handwashing techniques	infection, contaminated,
	to body substances and Standard		Difference between bactericidal and	generalized, localized,
	Precautions		bacteriostatic	aseptic technique,

	 2.3 - Demonstrate general principles of asepsis 2.4 - Demonstrate principles of hand hygiene 2.5 - Demonstrate knowledge of isolation and use isolation procedures 2.6 - Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) 		 6. Guidelines developed by the CDC 7. Correct procedure for entering and leaving an area where Transmission- Based 8.Precautions are followed 9. Differentiate between Standard Precautions and 10. Transmission- Based Precautions 11. Universal Precautions 12. Ethical and legal issues related to bloodborne diseases 	nosocomial infection, Standard Precautions, transmitting, amniotic fluid, peritoneal fluid, cerrospinal fluid, interstitial fluid, semen, pleural fluid, sterilized, disinfection, exposed, autoclaves, airborne, droplet, microns
Chapter 18:	Chapter 18:	Why should you encourage	The student will:	Homeostasis, respiration,
Measuring Vital	CTE/Nursing Services State	a patient to be as self-	1. Using an Electric	blood pressure, pulse
Signs	Standards	reliable as possible and	2. Thermometer	oximetry, TPR, oxidation,
* Temperature,	Standard 7.0 Monitor Vital Signs	describe the ramifications	3. Measuring an Oral	excretion, afebrile,
Pulse, and	7.1 - Identify normal values of vital	of not being self-reliable?	4. Temperature	febrile, hypothermia,
Respiration	signs	COMMUNICATION	5. Measuring a Rectal	pyrexia, pyrogenic,
* Blood Pressure	7.2 - Analyze routine vital signs	and the second second	6. Temperature	calibration, oral, rectal,
Nursing Skills and	7.3 - Explain methods for taking	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7. Measuring an Axillary	Celsius, Fahrenheit,
Assistive and	temperature and the criteria that		8. Temperature	axillary, arrhythmia,
Therapeutic	determine the appropriate method to use		9. Measuring an Aural	bounding, thread,
Techniques	(e.g., confused patient, infant, child, etc.)	A 4	10. Temperature	hemorrhage, tachycardia,
	7.4 - Measure and record temperature		11. Counting a Radial Pulse	bradycardia, apex,
	(digital, electronic, oral, rectal, axillary,		12. Counting an Apical Pulse	stethoscope, rate of
	tympanic) 7.5 - Measure and record pulse rate	SELF & BOCIAL	 Counting Respirations Palpating a Blood 	respiration, rhythm of respiration, quality of
	(radial, apical, carotid, brachial)	A MARENESS	14. Palpating a Blood	respiration, quality of
	7.6 - Measure and record respirations	10,0114,115,110,02,2	16. Measuring Blood	pressure, diastolic
	7.7 - Measure and record blood pressure		17. Pressure	pressure, millimeters,
	7.8 - Measure and record blobb pressure		18. AM/PM Care	hypertension,
	weight (upright/bed/chair scale)		19. Pressure points for pressure sores	asymptomatic,
	7.9 - Measure and record oxygen		20. Giving a Back Rub	hypotension, apparatus,
	saturation using an oximeter		21. Giving Oral Hygiene	gauge, inflated,
	7.10 - Notify appropriate personnel per	-	22. Elimination-Offering a 23. Bed	incontinent, catheters,
	protocol when a vital sign has changed		Pan, Urinal, Bedside 24. Commode	stoma, postmortem,
	7.11 - Describe common signs and		25. Assisting to the	laxative, suppository,
	symptoms of pain		26. Bathroom, to Dangle	ambulation, alignment,
	7.12 - Identify behaviors which indicate		27. Stand, and Walk	Trochanter, restraints,
	the resident/patient's level of pain		28. Transferring from Bed to	limb, emesis,

	7.13 - Report observations of		Wheelchair, Wheelchair to Bed, Bed	dehydration, residual
	resident/patient's pain to Licensed		to Chair and Back, Bed to Gurney and	5
	personnel		Back, using a Mechanical Lift, on a	
	7.14 - Apply non-invasive pain relief	-	Gurney or Stretcher, wheelchair	
	measures within scope of practice		29. Moving patient up in Bed, sit up	
			in Bed, Logrolling, Turning Patient	
		0.0417102	away from you, toward you, on side	
			30. Applying Restraints	
			31. Tie postural Supports	
			32. Give a Bath, partial bath, tub or	
		THENEN, NEW YORK,	shower bath,	
			33. Changing patients gown or clothes	
			34. Perineal Care	
	A 3		35. Grooming male/female	
	1-	CONTRACTOR STRATEGY CONTRACTOR	36. Foot Care	
		COMMUNICATION .	37. Postmortem Care	
	RESPECT	and the second se	38. Making a closed/open/occupied	1
			bed	
	REVERFACE		39. Feeding the patient	
			40. Measuring input/output	
		1. A. C. S.	41. Giving enemas	
			42. Collect Specimens	
Chapter 19:	Chapter 19:	Describe the goal and	1. Describe and Differentiate physical	Hydrotherapy, ultraviolet
Therapeutic	CTE/Nursing Services State	restoration of patient	Therapy and Sports Medicine Aide.	light, diathermy,
Techniques and	Standards	strength a physical	2. Identify thermotherapy and the	ultrasound,
Sports Medicine	Standard 19.0 Assist Resident/Patient	therapist should exhibit for	conditions they treat.	thermotherapy,
	With Restorative and Health	each patient and the steps a	3. Identify hydrotherapy and the	hydroculator pad, range-
	Promotion Activities	health care worker should	conditions they treat.	of-motion, ROM,
	19.1 - Provide needed assistance in	be conscious of.	4. Explain the purpose of range-of-	flexibility, contraction,
	getting to and participating in		motion.	gurney, ambulation,
	resident/patient activities		5. Preparing Moist hot soaks.	crutch, walker, prosthesis
	19.2 - Apply restorative activities when		6. Moist/Dry Cryotherapy	
	caring for the resident/patient		Range-of-motion	
	19.3 - Promote the resident/patient's		7. Wrapping and Taping an ankle	
	right to make personal choices to		8. Apply Antiembolism Hose	
	accommodate their needs		9. Ambulating with a Gait Belt	
	19.4 - Promote resident/patient's		10. Walking with canes, crutches,	
	independence		walkers	

	19.5 - Allow the resident/patient to make personal choices, providing and reinforcing other behavior consistent with the resident/patient's dignity			
	 19.6 - Assist resident/patient to participate in activities 19.7 - Perform passive range of motion exercises 19.8 - Direct resident/patient in active range of motion exercises 	A		
	 19.9 - Assist and instruct resident/patient to be independent in the activities of daily living 19.10 - Use family/significant others as a resource and source of social and emotional support 	THINKING,		
	19.11 - Assist resident/patient in planned recreational activities 19.12 - Assist the resident/patient with activities that support and encourage social relationships	COMMUNICATION	CARGER	
	19.13 - Assist resident/patient in achieving optimal wellness	A	11000	
Chapter 20:	Chapter 20:	Why is following the rules	1. Explain the process of admitting,	Hydroencephaly,
Medical Assisting	CTE/Nursing Services State	and working as a team an	registering, transferring, and	diagnosis, baseline, PDR,
and Laboratory	Standards	important expectation of	discharging a patient.	antibodies,
Skills	Standard 16.0 Assist With Admission,	all health care workers?	2. Measure, and record height and	contraceptives, diuretics,
* Medical	Transfer, and Discharge of		weight of an adult, child, and infant.	parenteral, topical,
Assisting Skills	Resident/Patient		Identify examination positions by	formula, uniformity,
* Pharmacology and Medication	16.1 - Demonstrate procedure for admitting a resident/patient		name. 3. Write a formula for calculation	hazardous, reagents, acids, monocular,
Administration	16.2 - Demonstrate procedure for		medication administration.	binocular, provider,
* Laboratory	resident/patient transfer		4. Identify common prescription	resistant, agglutination,
Skills	16.3 - Demonstrate procedure for		abbreviations.	heparinized,
	discharging a resident/patient		5. Identify laboratory guidelines and	polycythemia
	16.4 - Maintain safekeeping of		safety procedures.	1 2 2
	resident/patient's belongings		6. Admit patients	
			Measure height and weight on a	

		THUMPLING	standing/digital/chair/mechanical lift scale 7. Measure height and weight of an adult, child, infant 8. Measuring head circumference 9. Move a patient to another room 10. Discharging a patient Identify examination positions 11. Test visual acuity with a Snellen Chart 12. Use a microscope 13.Gather and test specimens	
Chapter 21: * General Safety and Injury Prevention * Patient Safety *Disaster Preparedness * Principles of Body Mechanics * First Aid * Cardiopulmo- nary Resuscitation (CPR)	Chapter 21: CTE/Nursing Services State Standards Standard 2.0 Use Standard Precautions and Safety Measures Appropriate For Nursing Services 2.1 Explain the infectious process and modes of transmission of disease 2.2 Apply Center for Disease Control (CDC) and Prevention guidelines related to body substances and Standard Precautions 2.3 Demonstrate general principles of asepsis 2.4 Demonstrate principles of hand hygiene 2.5 Demonstrate knowledge of isolation and use isolation procedures 2.6 Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)	As a health care worker why is it just as much your responsibility to clean up liter and wipe up spills on the floor as it is the housekeeping staff? Describe examples of liabilities if left neglected.	 Define OSHA and explain the agency's role in safety Differentiate between IIPP, hazard communication, and exposure control. Name places to find information about hazards in a facility. Explain the health care worker's role in maintaining a safe workplace. Identify 14 general safety rules Explain how to use ambulation devices, transportation devices, postural supports, and side rails safely. List the three elements required to start a fire. Explain the role of a defibrillator in restoring normal heart beat. Follow safe practice guidelines when caring for patients. Identify what you are responsible for knowing and doing when a disaster occurs. Identify the steps for using a fire extinguisher using the PASS 	Comply, ergonomic, mandates, implement, biohazard, abreast, horseplay, frayed, shock, malfunctioning, ambulation devices, gurney, postural supports, restricts, principles, observant, designated, flammable, potential, efficiency, load, gravity, crouch, alignment, cardiopulmonary, definitive, priorities, fracture, contusion, laceration, protrusion, spurts, dressings, saturated, ingestion, swathe, insulin shock, cardiac, resuscitation, oxygenated, defribillation, heel, interlace, compressions

	 acronym. 4. Demonstrate correct lifting and moving of objects. 5. Demonstrate the procedures for: Mouth-to-mouth breathing Obstructive airway Serious wounds Preventing shock Splints Slings Bandaging 6. Demonstrate the procedures for cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) 	
Technology Standard	Strand 1: Creativity and InnovationThis strand requires that students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge, and develop innovativeproducts and processes using technology.Concept 1: Knowledge and IdeasUse digital models and simulations to examine real- world connections, explore complex systems and issues,and enhance understanding.PO 1: Analyze, evaluate, and synthesize information to generate new ideas, processes, or products.Concept 2: Models and SimulationsPO 2: Propose or create a model, simulation, or system.Concept 3: Trends and PossibilitiesAnalyze patterns and trends and their logical links to form inferences, and forecast possibilities providing novelinsights.	
AZ CCRS Language Arts/Literacy	Reading Standards for Informational TextDetermine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including how itemerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text. (9-10.RI.2)Reading Standards for Literacy in Science and Technical SubjectsDetermine the central ideas or conclusions of a text; trace the text's explanation or depiction of a complexprocess, phenomenon, or concept; provide an accurate summary of the text. (9-10.RST.2)Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical SubjectsWrite informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/experiments, or technical processes.a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections anddistinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful toaiding comprehension.	

AZ CCRS Writing	 b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely readers. e. Establish and maintain a formal style and objective tone while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic). Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes. a. Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information to make important connections and distinctions; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. b. Develop the topic with well-chosen, relevant, and sufficient facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience's knowledge of the topic. c. Use varied transitions and sentence structures to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to manage the complexity of the topic and convey a style appropriate to the discipline and context as well as to the expertise of likely	
Social Studies	Social Studies HS- S2C1- 06 Apply the skills of historical analysis to current social, political, geographical, and economic issues facing the world.	
Science Science	 Science HS- S1C1- 01 Evaluate scientific information for relevance to a given problem. Science HS- S1C1- 02 Develop questions from observations that transition into testable hypotheses. 9- 10.RL.2 Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the 	

	text.	
AZ CCRS -	Math HS.N-Q.1	
Math	Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and	
	interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data	
	displays.	

