PACING Guide SY 2014-2015

Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
Reading Litera	ature			
1 st Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.2 <u>Retell stories</u> , including <u>key</u> <u>details</u> , and demonstrate understanding of their <u>central</u> <u>message or lesson</u> .	What happens in the beginning, middle, and end? What is a lesson?	Retell story in their own words. Use 3 key details in their retell.	Retell Story Key details Central message Lesson
	REPERTNER	What is a message? What is the character(s)'s problem and how is it solved? What is the story trying to teach you?	Identify the problem and how it is solved. Identify the lesson or message the author is presenting.	
1 st Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.3 Describe <u>characters. settings.</u> and <u>major events</u> in a story, using <u>key</u> <u>details</u> .	Who are the characters? Does the setting change throughout the story? How does the character feel at the beginning of story and at the end of	Identify character(s), setting(s), and plot. Using 1 or 2 specific words from the text, describe a character(s), or the setting. Use what the characters say and do to describe them in	Describe Characters Setting(s) Major events Key details

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	RESPECT &	the story? What word or words in the text describes the character(s) or setting(s). What word or words in the text describe the major event(s).	the text. Use 1 to 2 from the text to describe the major event(s) in the story. Retell the major events in the story using key details.	
1 st Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.7 Use <u>illustrations</u> and <u>details</u> in a story to <u>describe its characters</u> , <u>setting. or events</u> . 1 st quarter-guided 2 nd quarter-use illustrations and details to describe characters 4 th quarter-describe setting & events	What are the kinds of illustrations? (pictures, photos, graphs, maps, etc.) What do the illustrations tell us about the story?	Identify and tell the different types of illustrations used with the text. Along with the text, use the illustration to identify the character(s), setting, or events.	Illustrations Details Describe Characters Setting(s) Events
Reading Infor	mational			
1 st Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.1 <u>Ask</u> and <u>answer questions</u> about <u>key details</u> in a text. (guided with adult support)	What, Why, When, Where, Who, and How ? specific to the	Locate key facts in the text. Understand to answer	Questions Key details Text Ask (appropri-
L6220112:		text. How did you know	questions with specific facts from the text.	Ask/answer Facts Information

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		where to find the information (word)?	Support their answer using the text.	
1 st Quarter	1.RI.2 Identify <u>main topic</u> and retell <u>key details</u> of a text.	What is the main topic?	Tell what the text is mostly about. (<mark>m</mark> ain topic)	Main topic Key details
Journeys Lessons:		What are facts? What are 3 facts that support the main	Use facts to support the main topic.	Facts Informational text Information
		topic?	Retell key details and facts.	Non-fiction
	RESPECT N REVERFACE	Why did the author write this text?	Determine why the author wrote the text (use clues/facts).	
		What did you learn about (main topic)?		
1 st Quarter	1.RI.3 Describe the <u>connection</u> <u>between two individuals. events.</u>	What are the facts given in the text?	Identify 2 individuals, events, or pieces of	Connection Individuals
Journeys Lessons:	ideas, or pieces of information in a text.	What are the	information within the text.	(characters) Events
		relationships between information in a text?	Describe the relationships between the individuals, events, or pieces of	Ideas Information
		What happens first to cause something to	information.	
		happen next?	Use cause and effect to describe relationship	
		What connections do you see between the	between individuals, events or pieces of information.	

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		information provided by the text?		
1 st Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.7 Use <u>the illustrations</u> and details in a text to describe its <u>key ideas</u> .	What story information does the illustration have? What are the key details you find in the text?	Identify character(s), setting, and key details in the illustration to give information about the main idea. Identify details in the text that about the character(s), setting, or give reference to the main idea.	Illustrations Details Key ideas
1 st Quarter	1.RI.10a With prompting and support, read <u>informational texts</u>	What was the text about?	Read with <mark>g</mark> uidance and prompting informational	Informational texts
Journeys Lessons:	appropriately complex for grade 1. a. With prompting and support, read <u>functional texts</u> including <u>history. social studies. science.</u> and <u>technical texts</u> , appropriately complex for grade 1. Guided/Independent 3 rd /4 th	Can you tell about 3-4 facts you read in the text? What did you learn from the text? What was your favorite photo or illustration in the text? Why?	text with procity and fluency. Retell text in student's own words. (guide with prompting of beginning, middle, end or first, next, and last) Include 2 -3 facts (key details) in retelling in	Functional text History Social studies Science Technical text
		What fact did you find interesting in the text?	sequence. ((guide with prompting of beginning, middle, end or first, next,	

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		Why?	and last)	
Reading Foun	dational Skills			
1 st Quarter	1.RF.1a Demonstrate understanding of the <u>organizations and basic</u> <u>features of print</u> . a. Recognize the distinguishing <u>features of a sentence</u> (e.g., <u>first</u> <u>word</u> , <u>capitalization</u> , <u>ending</u> <u>punctuation</u>).	What word is capitalized? Which word in a sentence should be capitalized? What ending punctuation should be used? Where should the ending punctuation be placed?	Identify the word that is capitalized in a sentence. Understand that the first word in a sentence must be capitalized. Identify the location of the ending punctuation. Identify and name the types of ending punctuation.	Organization Basic features Print Sentence First (beginning) Capitalization Ending Punctuation
1 st Quarter	 1.RF.2b Demonstrate understanding of <u>spoken words. syllables.</u> and <u>sounds (phonemes).</u> b. Orally produce <u>single-syllable</u> <u>words by blending sounds</u> <u>(phonemes).</u> including <u>consonant blends</u>. Note: CVC – and introduce consonant blends. (guide) 	What are the short vowel sounds? What are the consonant sounds? What is a cvc word? How would you say a cvc word (blend)?	Name all consonant and short vowel letter names. Understand that a letter makes one sound (phoneme). Orally produce the short vowel sounds and all single- consonant sounds.	Spoken words Syllables - single (cvc) Sounds (phonemes) Consonant Vowel Consonant Blends

		What is the purpose of blending sounds?	Blend single consonant sounds with short vowel sounds. Distinguish between short vowel sounds.	
1 st Quarter	1.RF.2c Demonstrate understanding of <u>spoken words, syllables, and</u> <u>sounds (phonemes).</u> c. Isolate and <u>pronounce initial,</u> <u>medial vowel, and final sounds</u> (phonemes) in spoken <u>single</u> <u>syllable words</u> .	What is the first (beginning) sound in the word? What is the final (ending) sound in the word? What is the short vowel sound (middle)?	Identify the short vowel sound. Identify the first sounds in a word, final sound, medial sound.	Spoken words Single Syllables Sounds (phonemes) Pronounce Initial Medial Final
1 st Quarter	 1.RF.2d Demonstrate understanding of <u>spoken words. syllables.</u> and <u>sounds (phonemes).</u> d. <u>Segment spoken single-</u><u>syllable words</u> into their complete sequence of <u>individual sounds</u> (phonemes). 	What are the sounds in the word? (produced in sequence) What does segment mean?	Orally produce single syllable words. Segment cvc words into their individual sounds. Tell the sounds in a word. (sequence B/M/F)	Spoken words Syllables Sounds (phonemes) Segment Sequence (beginning, middle, end) Individual Sounds
Language				

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1 st Quarter	1.L.1a Demonstrate command of the	Is a given letter	Write all uppercase and	Conventions
	<u>conventions</u> of Standard English	uppercase or	lowercase letters from top	Grammar
	grammar and usage when writing or	lowercase?	to bottom.	Print
	speaking.			Capitalization
	a. <u>Print all upper an<mark>d</mark> lower case</u>	How are the uppercase	Distingui <mark>sh</mark> between	Uppercase
	<u>letters.</u>	and lowercase letters	uppercase and lowercase	Lowercase
	(A A	similar/different?	letters.	Letters
	100	What letters are	AA	
		hanging letters (g, j, p,	(N.)	
	RESPECT N	q, y)?	CARGER	
1 st Quarter	1.L.1b Demonstrate <u>command of the</u>	What are nouns for	Identify no <mark>un</mark> s for people,	noun
	<u>conventions</u> of Stand <mark>ard</mark> English	people?	places, ani <mark>m</mark> als, and things.	Common nouns
	<u>grammar</u> and usage w <mark>h</mark> en writing or	A 4		Proper nouns
	speaking.	What are nouns for	Sort nou <mark>ns</mark> into specific	Possessive nouns
	b. Use <u>common, proper,</u> and	anima <mark>ls?</mark>	catego <mark>rie</mark> s.	
	<u>possessive nouns</u> . (common)	SELF & BOCIAL		
		What are nouns for	Use common nouns when	
		places?	writing sentences.	
		What are nouns for	Identify common nouns in a	
		things?	sentence.	
1 st Quarter	1.L.1h Demonstrate <u>command of the</u>	What are articles?	Identify the articles in a	Grammar
	<u>conventions</u> of Standard English		sentence.	Determiners
	grammar and usage when writing or	Can you find the		Articles
	speaking.	articles in a sentence?	Understand the difference	demonstratives
	h. Use <u>determiners</u>		between "A" and "An".	
	(e.g., <u>articles, demonstratives</u>)	Are articles only used		
		at the beginning of a	Capitalized articles used at	

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		sentence?	the beginning of a sentence.	
1 st Quarter	1.L.2a Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English <u>capitalization, punctuation, and</u> <u>spelling</u> when writing. a. <u>Capitalize dates and names of</u> <u>people</u> . (Names of People, dates)	Why are names of people capitalized? Why do we capitalize the names of dates?	Identify names of people in text. Identify date/months in text. Demonstrate the use of capital letters of names when writing. Demonstrate the use of capital	Capitalize Dates Months Names (people, name given to animal)
	RESPECT		letters of months in dates or in text when writing.	/
1 st Quarter The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists	 1.L.2b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization. punctuation. and spelling when writing. b. Use end punctuation for sentences. (period) 	What does a period look like? What does a period mean? Where do you find a period? How do you find a period? Where would you put a period in your writing?	Identify the period in a sentence in isolation and in text. Understand that a period is concluding (ending) a statement. Demonstrate the use of a period in text of personal writing.	End punctuation Sentence Statement Question Period Question mark Exclamation mark
1 st Quarter	1.L.2c Demonstrate command of the	What does a comma	Identify the comma in the date in	Comma
	conventions of Standard English	look like?	isolation and in text.	Dates
The Reading	capitalization, punctuation, and			Separate
Teacher's	spelling when writing.	What does a comma	Understand that a comma is to	List of words in series
Book of Lists	c. Use <u>commas in dates and to</u>	mean?	separate information such as	Dago 9

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	<u>separate single words in a series.</u> (comma in dates 1 st quarter, comma in a series 3 rd quarter)	Where do you find a comma in the date? Where do you find a	numbers in the date or single words a statement. Demonstrate the use of a comma in text of writing the date.	
		comma in text? How do you find a comma?		
	RESPECT &	Where would you place a comma when writing you are writing the date?	CARSER	
1 st Quarter	1.L.2d Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English	What is a word family?	Understand onset/rime.	Spelling word patterns
The Reading	capitalization, punctuation, and	What words can you	Know basic cvc word family	Word families
Teacher's	spelling when writing.	make by changing the	patterns (ieat,it,ig,en).	Irregular words
Book of Lists	d. Use <u>conventional spelling</u> for	beginning sound with	1.	Onset
	words with <u>common spelling</u>	the word familyat?	Know basic long vowel pair	Rime
	patterns and for frequently	(apply word family	word family patterns (ieeet,	Blending
	occurring <u>irregular words</u> .	words as applicable).	oat,i()e).	Change
	(word families, sight words/	How can you change a	Know basis spalling of imagular	Replace
	short vowel 1 st /2 nd quarter, long vowel pairs into 2 nd quarter,	How can you change a word of a word family?	Know basic spelling of irregular words (ieight)	beginning/ending sound
	long vowel pairs 3 rd quarter)	(beginning or ending		Sound
		sound of either cvc or	Replace beginning consonant	
		long vowel pair word)	sound to create meaningful	
			words.	

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		What strategy would you use to figure out (decode) that unknown word?	Replace ending consonant sound to create meaningful words. Apply sound patterns of when creating words in their personal writing.	
1 st Quarter The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists Alphabet Letter Sound Chart	 1.L.2e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English <u>capitalization, punctuation</u>, and <u>spelling when writing</u>. e. <u>Spell untaught words</u> <u>phonetically</u> drawing on <u>phonemic awareness</u> and <u>spelling conventions</u>. 	Can you blend the sounds to create a word? Can you segment the word to hear the beginning, middle, end (final) sound(s)? Do you see a word or word family you already know?	Make the relationship between consonant letter and sound (phoneme). Make the connection between vowel letter short/long sound. Blend sounds together to create a word. Segment sounds of a word. Use text that is surrounding the words to gather meaning to reference meaning of how word is used.	Spelling Consonant Sounds Short vowel sounds Long vowel sounds Sound out – decode Blend segment
1 st Quarter Close Reading Strategies	1.L.4a Determine or clarify the <u>meaning of unknown and multiple</u> <u>meaning words</u> and <u>phrases</u> based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibility from an array of strategies.	If you read the whole sentence what clues do you see that will help you figure out the word/phrase?	Use text that is surrounding the words to gather information to reference meaning of the word or phrases. Use illustration to gather	Unknown Multiple meaning Words Phrases Sentence Clue

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	a. Use <u>sentence level context</u> as a	What information is in	meaning of the word.	Example
	<u>clue to the meaning of a word or</u> <u>phrase</u> .	the illustration might help you understand the word/phrase? What have you read so far that will give you a clue about the word/phrase?	Give an example or definition of word based upon student's own personal experience either in connection to self, text, or world.	Definition Connection Self Text World
	RESPELT N REVERFNICE	When you read the sentence/phrase and connect it to the illustration do they match? Why? Can you give me an example or definition of the word?	CARGER	
1 st Quarter	1.L.4b Determine or clarify the meaning of <u>unknown</u> and <u>multiple</u>	What prefix do you see?	Understand the meaning of prefix and suffix.	Meaning of a word Phrases Prefix
The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists	<u>meaning words</u> and <u>phrases</u> based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies	What does that affix mean?	Know different prefixes and the meaning.	Suffix
	strategies. b. Use frequently occurring <u>affixes</u> as a <u>clue to the meaning of a</u> <u>word</u> . (prefixes: re-, un, non,	What is the root word? What does it mean?	Know different suffixes and the meaning.	
anado USD-PA	pre,) (suffixes: 2 nd quarter) CING GUIDE (English Language Arts/1st	How did you change Grade)		Page 11

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		the root word when you added the prefix ? What does the word mean now?		
L st Quarter	1.L.4c Determine of clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibility from an array of strategies. c. Identify frequently occurring <u>root words</u> (e.g., look) and their <u>inflectional forms</u> (e.g., looks, looked, looking).	Can you locate the root word in all of these words (series of words with the root word). How do you know that these (2 or 3) words are similar? (they have the same root word) Can you add inflectional ending to a root word to make new words? Can you write them?	Understand how to add an ending to word to create new word, however keep the same (root) word embedded in the word. Identify the root word in a series of words with inflectional forms. Create a series of words with the use of a root word and the inflectional endings.	Root words (base words) Endings Inflectional forms
L st Quarter	 1.L.5c With Guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of <u>word relationships</u> <u>and nuances</u> in word meanings. c. Identify <u>real-life connections</u> <u>between words and their use</u> (e.g., note places at home that are cozy). 	If you read the whole sentence what clues do you see that will help you figure out the word/phrase? What information is in the illustration might help you understand	Use text that is surrounding the words to gather information to reference meaning of the word or phrases. Use illustration to gather meaning of the word. Give an example or definition of	Word relationship Nuances Real-life connections words

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Writing	RESPERT N REVERFNICE	What have you read so far that will give you a clue about the word/phrase? When you read the sentence/phrase and connect it to the illustration do they match? Why? Can you give me an example or definition of the word?	personal experience either in connection to self, text, or world.	
1 st Quarter	1.W.3 Write <u>narratives</u> in which they <u>recount two or more appropriately</u> <u>sequenced events</u> , include some <u>details regarding what happened</u> , use <u>temporal words to signal event order</u> , and provide some sense of <u>closure</u> . (teacher model-sequencing and closures)	What is a narrative? What is the purpose of a narrative? Why should your narrative be in order?	Retell a personal experience orally in sequential order. Provide 3-4 details about the experience (character, setting, simple plot). Write about an experience in sequential order.	Narrative Sequence Events Details Temporal words Event order Closure
1 st Quarter	1.W.4a With guidance and support from adults, produce <u>writing</u> in which the <u>development</u> and <u>organization</u> are appropriate to task and purpose.	What is functional writing? When would you use	Name the different kinds of functional writing pieces. Write a list of rules for the	Develop Organize Task Purpose

(Grade specific expectations for	functional writing?	classroom.	Functional writing
writing types are defined in standard			Rules
1-3 above).	How is functional	Write a friendly letter including	Experiment report
a. With guidance and support from	writing similar or	the date, a greeting, a body, and a	Notes
adults, produce <u>functional</u>	different to narratives,	salutation.	Messages
<u>writing (</u> e.g., <u>classroom rules.</u>	informative, and		Friendly letter
experiments. notes/messages.	opinion writing?	Label pictures and illustrations	Label
<u>friendly letters, labels, graphs/</u>		with captions.	Graphs
tablets. directions. posters) in	COMMUNICATION		Tablets
which the development and		Produce functional writing	Directions
organization are <u>appropriate to</u>		pieces with guidance from the	Poster
task and purpose.		teacher.	



Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
Reading Litera	ture			
2 nd Quarter	1.RL.1 <u>Ask and answer questions</u> about <u>key details</u> in a text.	Who is the main character? What is the setting? What happens in the beginning? What happens in the middle? What happens at the end?	Identify the character(s). Identify the setting. Retell the story in sequence. Answer questions about key details prompted by teacher.	Characters Setting Plot Text Fiction Fantasy Literature Details
2 nd Quarter	1.RL.2 <u>Retell stories</u> , including <u>key</u> <u>details</u> , and demonstrate understanding of their <u>central</u> <u>message</u> or <u>lesson</u> .	 What happens in the beginning, middle, and end? What is a lesson? What is a message? What is the character(s)'s problem and how is it solved? What is the story trying 	Retell story in their own words. Use 3 key details in their retell. Identify the problem and how it is solved. Identify the lesson or message the author is presenting.	Lesson Message Retell Key details Fable Folktale Fiction

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		to teach you?			
2 nd Quarter 1.RL.3 Describe <u>characters</u> , <u>settings</u> , and <u>major events</u> in a story, using <u>key</u> <u>details</u> .	and <u>major events</u> in a story, using <u>key</u>	Who are the characters?	Identify character(s), setting(s), and plot.	Character Setting Key details	
	Does the setting change throughout the story?	Using 1 or <mark>2</mark> specific words from the text, describe a character(s), or the setting.	Major event Describe Characteristic		
	RESPELTS	How does the character feel at the beginning of story and at the end of the story?	Use what the characters say and do to describe them in the text.		
		What word or words in the text describes the character(s) or setting(s).	Use 1 to 2 from the text to describe the major event(s) in the story. Retell the major events in the story using key details.		
		What word or words in the text describe the major event(s).			
2 nd Quarter	1.RL.5 Explain <u>major differences</u> <u>between books</u> that tell <u>stories</u> and	What is genre?	Identify the genre of a book.	Compare Contrast	
on	books that give <u>information</u> , drawing on a wide reading of a range of text	What are the kinds of genres?	Sort titles by genre.	Title Genre	
	types.	What book most likely tells a story?	Explain differences between books based upon title and story line.	Story Facts Information	
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2 nd Quarter	1.RL.7 Use <u>illustrations</u> and <u>details</u> in a story to describe its <u>characters</u> , <u>setting</u> , or <u>events</u> .	What book most likely gives information? How do you know if a book gives information and tells a story? Why would an author include an illustration? What does the illustration tell you about the story? How does this illustration help understand the story? What word or words in the text relate to the illustration?	<text></text>	Fiction Non-fiction Illustration Fiction Character Setting Events
Reading Inform		What is the contonce	Describe the meaning of	Non fiction
2 nd Quarter	1.RI.4 Ask and answer <u>questions</u> to help <u>determine or clarify the</u> <u>meaning of words and phrases</u> in a text.	What is the sentence about? What does this phrase mean?	Describe the meaning of words and phrases in a text. Use context clues to understand unknown words and phrases.	Non-fiction Informational text questions phrases meaning of words clarify

		What do you see in the illustration that can help you understand the word/phrase?	Use illustrations and pictures to help understand unknown words or phrases.	determine definition context clues
		What words give you clues to understand the meaning?		
2 nd Quarter	1.RI.5 Know and use various <u>text</u> <u>features (e.g. heading, tables of</u> <u>contents, glossaries, electronic</u> <u>menus, icons</u>) to <u>locate key facts or</u> <u>information</u> in a text.	What is a text feature? What are the different kinds of text features? What is the purpose of a specific text feature? (e.g., A table is for?) Where would you find ? What text feature would you use to find 2	Identify the different types of text features in a text. Describe the purpose of a specific text feature. Compare and contrast the different types of text features.	Table Heading Table of contents Glossary Index Icons Menus Labels Captions Illustrations Pictures Graphs Maps
2 nd Quarter	1.RI.6 <u>Distinguish between</u> information provided by <u>pictures or</u> other illustrations and <u>information</u> provided by the words in a text.	What information does the text give? What information does the illustration give?	Locate specific details within text or illustration prompted by the teacher. Describe key details from the text.	Informational text Picture Illustration Diagram Graph Details

	RESPELT A	How is information similar or different given from the text and illustrations? (prompted) What does the illustration tell you that the text does not? What does the text tell you that the illustration does not?	Describe key details provided by the illustration. Compare and contrast the key details given by the text and illustration.	
Reading Found	lational Skills			
2 nd Quarter	1.RF.2b Demonstrate understanding of <u>spoken words. syllables. and</u> <u>sounds (phonemes).</u> a. Orally produce <u>single-syllable</u> words by <u>blending sounds</u> (phonemes), including <u>consonant blends</u> . (blends)	What are the short vowel sounds?What are the consonant sounds?What is a cvc word?How would you say a cvc word (blend)?What is the purpose of blending sounds?	Name all consonant blends. Blend consonant blends with short vowel sounds. Apply blends to decoding words.	Consonant Blends CVC Vowels Decode Blend

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2 nd Quarter	1.RF.3a Know and apply level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding	What is a diagraph?	Name all diagraphs.	Diagraph Blend
	words. a. Know the spelling sound correspondences for common	What sounds do diagraphs make?	Blend diagraphs with short vowel sounds.	Decode Vowel
	constant digraphs.	How is a diagraph different from a blend?	Apply diagraphs to decoding words.	
		COMMUNIC STRONG	Spell words with diagraphs.	
2 nd Quarter	1.RF.3b Know and apply level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. b. Decode regularly spelled one	What is a syllable? How would you spell one syllable words?	Segment individual phonemes in a single-syllable word.	Syllable CVC Blend Decode
	syllable words.		Blend individual sounds into a single-syllable word.	Consonant Vowel
2 nd Quarter	1.RF.3f Know and apply level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. f. Read words with inflectional	What a <mark>re inflectional</mark> endings? What are the different	Identify the base word in a series of words with inflectional endings.	Base word Inflectional ending Root word
	endings.	inflectional endings you can add to a base word?	Identify the inflectional ending on a base word.	
			Read words with inflectional endings.	
2 nd Quarter	1.RF.3g Know and apply level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.	Is this word spelled the way it sounds?	Identify high frequency words.	High frequency word Irregular
	g. Recognize and read grade appropriate irregularly spelled	How is this word irregular?	Identify irregularly spelled words.	Spelling
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	words.	A	Explain phonetics vs. irregular spelling.	
Language		himmedia		
2 nd Quarter	1.L1b Demonstrate command of the <u>conventions of Standard-English</u> <u>grammar</u> and usage when writing or	What are nouns for people?	Identify nouns for people, places, animals, and things.	noun Common nouns Proper pouns
The Reading Teacher's BOOK of	speaking. b.Use <u>common, proper,</u> and	What are nouns for animals?	Sort nouns into specific categories.	Proper nouns Possessive nouns
LISTS	<u>possessive nouns</u> . (proper)	What are nouns for places?	Use common nouns when writing sentences.	
		What are nouns for things?	Identify common nouns in a sentence.	
2 nd Quarter	1.L.1c Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English	What is singular? What is plural?	Identify the noun and verb in sentence.	Verbs Nouns
The Reading	grammar and usage when writing or	what is plural?	Distinguish hotuson nhural	Plural
Teacher's BOOK of LISTS	speaking. c. Use singular and plural nouns with matching verbs in basic	How would a noun change if the verb is	Distinguish between plural and singular nouns.	Singular Subject-verb agreement
21010	sentences (e.g., He hops. We hop.).	plural?	Create sentences with matching verbs and nouns.	Is-are We-were
		How would a verb change if the noun is plural?	Write sentences with matching nouns and verbs in regards to subject-verb	
			agreement.	

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2 nd Quarter	1.L.1f Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English	What is an adjective?	Identify adjectives.	Adjective Noun
The Reading Teacher's	grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	What do adjectives do?	Create adjectives for specific nouns.	Color Size
BOOK of LISTS	f. Use frequently occurring adjectives.	What can adjectives describe?	Sort adjectives by the	Shape Number
1313	aujectives.		attributes they describe.	Appearance
		What adjectives are similar or different?	Write sentences using	Feeling Senses
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	A communication	adjectives to describe nouns.	
2 nd Quarter	1.L.1k Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English	What happened first, next, and last?	Write a paragraph that includes a topic sentence and 3 detail	Main idea Topic sentence
The Reading	grammar and usage when writing or		sentences.	Key details
Teacher's	speaking.	What happened in the		Paragraph
BOOK of LISTS	k. Write multiple sentences in an order that supports a main idea or story.	beginning, middle, and end? What is your topic sentence?	Write a story that includes sentences that have a beginning, middle, and end.	Sequence of events
		What are 3 key details		
		that support your main idea?		
2 nd Quarter	1.L.2a Demonstrate command of the	What is a date?	Understand that months of the	Capitalize
	conventions of Standard English		year and days of the week are	Dates
The Reading	capitalization, punctuation, and	What is the importance	capitalized.	Names of people
Teacher's	spelling when writing.	of writing the date?		
BOOK of	a. <u>Capitalize dates and names of</u>		Capitalize dates in own writing.	
LISTS	<u>people</u> . (Dates)	What word is		
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		capitalized in a date?		
2 nd Quarter The Reading	1.L.2b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	What is an exclamation mark?	Identify sentences that require an exclamation mark.	End punctuation Sentence Statement
Teacher's BOOK of LISTS	spelling when writing. b. Use <u>end punctuation for</u> <u>sentences</u> . <u>(exclamation mark !!!)</u>	When do you use an exclamation mark?	Change simple sentences into an exclamatory sentence.	Question Period Question mark Exclamation mark
2 nd Quarter The Reading	1.L.2d Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	What do word families have in common?	Generate words from word families.	Spelling word patterns Word families
Teacher's BOOK of LISTS	spelling when writing. d. Use <u>conventional spelling</u> for words with <u>common spelling</u> <u>patterns</u> and for frequently occurring <u>irregular words</u> . (word families with consonant blends/diagraphs, sight words)	How do word families help you spell words?	Sort words into word families. Create words with onset and rime.	Irregular words
2 nd Quarter	1.L.4b Determine or clarify the meaning of <u>unknown</u> and <u>multiple</u>	What is a prefix?	Read words with the prefix un	Meaning of a word Phrases
The Reading Teacher's BOOK of	<u>meaning words</u> and <u>phrases</u> based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of	How does adding un- to the beginning of a word change the	Describe the meaning of words with the prefix un	Affixes Prefix
LISTS	strategies. b. Use frequently occurring <u>affixes</u> as a <u>clue to the meaning of a</u> <u>word. (un-)</u>	meaning?	Add the prefix un- to words.	Page 22

2 nd Quarter The Reading Teacher's BOOK of LISTS 2 nd Quarter The Reading Teacher's BOOK of LISTS	 1.L.5b With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. b. Define words by category and by one or more key attributes (e.g., a duck is a bird that swims; a tiger is a large cat with stripes) 1.L.5d With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings. d. Distinguish shades of meaning among verbs differing in manner (e.g., look, peek, glance, stare, glare, scowl) and adjectives differing in intensity (e.g., large, gigantic) by defining or choosing them or by acting out the 	What words can you use to describe a 's attributes? What words go together? Why? What words do not go together? Why? What are synonyms? What are antonyms? What words mean the same as? Which word shows more? Less?	Describe meanings of words. Categorize words by definitions and attributes. Show understanding of similar verbs by acting them out or drawing them. Choose the best verb that matches a situation's meaning. Choose the best adjective that best describes the noun.	Attribute Category Define Word relationshi Word meanings Verbs Adjectives Synonyms Antonyms Suffixes	ps
Writing	meanings.				
2 nd Quarter	1.W.2 Write informative/explanatory	What is the topic?	Identify a topic.	Informative	
	texts in which they name a topic.	triat is the topic.		Explanatory	
		What are facts and	Locate 3-4 facts about a topic.	Closure	
	supply some facts about the topic,		Locate 5-4 facts about a topic.		
	and provide some sense of closure.	details about the topic?		Main topic	
			Write an informative piece that	Main idea	
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2 nd Quarter	1.W.4a With guidance and support from adults, produce writing in which the <u>development</u> and <u>organization are appropriate to task</u> and purpose. (Grade specific expectations for writing types are defined in standard 1-3 above). a. With guidance and support from adults, produce <u>functional</u> writing (e.g., <u>classroom rules</u> , <u>experiments</u> , <u>notes/messages</u> , <u>friendly letters</u> , <u>labels</u> , <u>graphs/</u> <u>tablets</u> , <u>directions</u> , <u>posters</u>) in which the development and organization are <u>appropriate to</u> <u>task and purpose</u> .	 What is your purpose as the author for writing this piece? What is functional writing? When would you use functional writing? How is functional writing similar or different to narratives, informative, and opinion writing? 	 names the topic and provides 3- 4 facts about the topic. Name the different kinds of functional writing pieces. Write a list of rules for the classroom. Write a friendly letter including the date, a greeting, a body, and a salutation. Label pictures and illustrations with captions. Produce functional writing pieces with guidance from the teacher. 	Key details Cite Text support Facts Information Develop Organize Task Purpose Functional writing Rules Experiment report Notes Messages Friendly letter Label Graphs Tablets Directions Poster
2 nd Quarter	1.W.3 Write <u>narratives</u> in which they <u>recount two or more appropriately</u> <u>sequenced events</u> , include some <u>details regarding what happened</u> , use <u>temporal words to signal event order</u> , and provide some sense of <u>closure</u> . (less guided/more independent)	What is a narrative? Do your details help the reader understand your story? What are three ways	Write a narrative using first, next, last or beginning, middle, and end (temporal words) to signal event order. Provide a strong sense of closure.	Narrative Narrative response Story Closure Beginning Middle End

you could end your story? Which do you think is the best? Why?	Sequence of events First, next, last
 THENRING)	
COMMUNICATION	
RESPECT % CARGER REVERFACE	
SELF & SIDCIAL . AWARENESS	
AMARCHESS	

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AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
ature	THIADUNG		
1.RL.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central	What did the story teach you?	Retell the story in own words using key details.	Retell Story Key details
message or lesson.	What other stories teach this same lesson? Could the story be	Identify the lesson or message the author is presenting.	Central message Lesson Fable Folktale
	teaching another lesson? How wo <mark>uld you tea</mark> ch	Compare othe <mark>r</mark> stories that teach the same lesson or give the same message.	Fiction Fantasy Realistic fiction
	someone this same lesson?	Write a story that teaches a lesson or gives a message.	
	Write a story that teaches the same lesson.		
1.RL.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key	Who are the characters?	Identify character(s), setting(s), and plot.	Characters Setting
details.			Plot
	Does the setting change throughout the story? How does the character	Using 1 or 2 specific words from the text, describe a character(s), or the setting.	Events Sequence of events Key detail Major events
	Standard ature 1.RL.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson. message or lesson. 1.RL.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key	Standard(HESS Matrix)ature1.RL.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.What did the story teach you?What other stories teach this same lesson?Could the story be teaching another lesson?How would you teach someone this same lesson?Write a story that teaches the same lesson.1.RL.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.Who are the characters?Does the setting change throughout the story?	Standard(HESS Matrix)tureI.RL.2 Retell stories, including key details, and demonstrate understanding of their central message or lesson.What did the story teach you?Retell the story in own words using key details.What other stories teach this same lesson?Identify the lesson or message the author is presenting.Could the story be teaching another lesson?Compare other stories that teach this same lesson?How would you teach someone this same lesson?Compare other stories that teach the same lesson or gives the same message.1.RL.3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.Who are the characters?1.RL3 Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, using key details.Who are the characters?Does the setting change throughout the story?Using 1 or 2 specific words from the text, describe a character(s), or the setting.

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	RESPERTAN REVERTAN	feel at the beginning of story and at the end of the story? What word or words in the text describes the character(s) or setting(s). What word or words in the text describe the major event(s).	Use what the characters say and do to describe them in the text. Use 1 to 2 words from the text to describe the major event(s) in the story. Retell the major events in the story using key details.	
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.4 Identify words and phrases in stories or poems that suggest feelings or appeal to the senses.	What is a poem? What word(s) in a poem describe feelings? What word(s) in a poem describe the senses? What is another phrase or word that could be used to substitute? In this text, what word is used that is similar (vocabulary) to	Identify words in a poem that describe feelings. Identify words in a poem that describe the senses. Describe the senses that a character portrays. Compare this one poem to another similar poem. Write a poem using words to describe senses and feelings.	Poem Senses Sight Touch Hear See Taste Phrase Feeling Adjectives

		?		
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.6 Identify who is telling the story at various points in a text.	Who is telling the story? Is there more than one person telling the story? Would the story	Identify who is telling the story by using key details and text clues. Determine how many individuals are telling the story. Predict how a story would	Author Characters Narrator Quotation mark Point of view
	PESPELT A REVERFAC	change if a different person told the story? If so, how would it change?	change if someone different told the story.	
3 rd Quarter	1.RL.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of	Who are the characters?	Identify the characters in a story.	Compare Contrast
Journeys Lessons:	characters in stories. (characteristics)	What are characteristics for each character in a story?	Use key details about what a character says, does, and feels to describe the character. Describe an individual character's	Top hat Adventure Experience Plot Problem
		What is similar about what two characters do in a story?	traits (physical, personality, feelings). Compare and contrast the	Character
		What is different between two characters in a story?	characteristic's of multiple characters in a story.	

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Reading Inform	national	0.0000000		
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	What is the author's purpose? What facts does the author give? Can you locate the facts in the given text?	Identify the author's purpose. Locate facts in a text that an author uses to support his/her purpose. Write an expository piece on a similar topic.	Reason Support Cite Author Key detail Purpose Informational text Non-fiction
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.9 Identify basic similarities in and differences between two texts on the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	What is similar about the information the two pieces give? What is different about the information the two pieces give?	Identify the similarities in two texts on a same topic (could include illustrations, instructions, diagrams, graphs). Identify the differences between two texts on a same topic (could include illustrations, instructions, diagrams, graphs).	Similar Different Compare/contrast Texts Informational text Non-fiction Illustrations Pictures
Reading Found	dational Skills			
3 rd Quarter Journeys	1.RF.2a Demonstrate understanding of <u>spoken words</u> , <u>syllables</u> , <u>and</u> <u>sounds (phonemes)</u> .	What is the difference between long vowels and short vowels?	Distinguish between long and short vowel sounds.	Syllables Vowel Short/long
Lessons:	a. Distinguish <u>long from short</u> <u>vowel sounds</u> in spoken <u>single</u> <u>syllable words.</u>	What vowel sound do you hear in the middle of the word? Is the sound short or long?	Determine if a spoken word has a long or short vowel sound. Change vowel sounds in a word from short to long, long to short	Letter sound

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		Can you change the short vowel sound in a word to a long vowel to make a new word?	(if applicable).	
3 rd Quarter	1.RF.3c Know and apply grade-level	What vowel pairs make	Name the long vowel sounds.	Long vowel
Louranous	phonics and word analysis skills in	long vowel sounds?	Identify long yours line in	Vowel pairs
Journeys Lessons:	decoding words. c. Know <u>final -e</u> and common	Can you give an	Identify long vowel pairs in words.	Dipthongs
	<u>vowel team</u> conventions for representing <u>long vowel sounds.</u>	example of a word that has a long vowel pair? How does the final –e	Identify words with long vowel pairs.	
		at the end of a word change the vowel sounds?	Classify words into categories based on their long vowel pairs and sounds.	
		AWARENESS	Decode words with final –e and vowel pairs when reading.	
3 rd Quarter	1.RF.3d Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in	What is a syllable?	Understand what syllables are.	Syllable Vowel sound
Journeys	decoding words.	What does each	Segment a word into its	
Lessons:	d. Use knowledge that every syllable must have a vowel	syllable in a word have? (vowel sound)	syllables.	
	sound to determine the		Identify the number of syllables	
	number of syllables in a printed word.	Where would you split this word into its	in a word.	
		syllables?	Explain how each syllable has a vowel sound.	
Ganado USD-P	 ACING GUIDE (English Language Arts/1s	t Grade)	vowel sound.	Page

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 1.RF.4a <u>Read</u> with sufficient <u>accuracy</u> <u>and fluency</u> to support comprehension. a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. 	What is fluency? What is prosity? What is tone?	 word into its syllables. Ask and answer questions about a text. Retell a text using 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence. Explain a connection to the story (text-to-text, text-to-self, text-to- world). 	Fluency Accuracy Comprehension Purpose Understanding
1.L1b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. b. Use <u>common, proper</u> , and <u>possessive nouns</u> . (possessive)	What is a possessive noun? How do you use a possessive noun?	Identify possessive nouns. Read possessive nouns. Distinguish between common, proper, and possessive nouns.	Noun Common noun Proper noun Possessive noun
1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the <u>conventions of Standard-English</u> <u>grammar</u> and usage when writing or speaking. e. Use <u>verbs to convey a sense of</u> <u>past. present. and future</u> (e.g., Yesterday I walked home:	What are verbs? What do verbs do? What is past? Present? Future?	Identify verbs. Determine if a verb is present, past, or future. Change verbs into their past, present, and future tense.	Present Past Future Verb Verb tense
	and fluency to support comprehension. a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding. 1.L1b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. b. Use <u>common, proper, and</u> <u>possessive nouns.</u> (possessive) 1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the <u>conventions of Standard-English</u> grammar and usage when writing or speaking. e. Use <u>verbs to convey a sense of</u> <u>past. present. and future</u> (e.g., Yesterday I walked home;	and fluency to support comprehension.What is prosity?a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.What is prosity?b. Use common, proper, and possessive nouns. (possessive)What is a possessive noun?1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. (possessive)What is a possessive noun?1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. (possessive)What is a possessive noun?1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. e. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., past, present, and future (e.g.,What is past? Present? Future?	and fluency to support comprehension.a text.a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.What is prosity?Retell a text using 3 or more details in a meaningful sequence.What is tone?Explain a connection to the story (text-to-text, text-to-self, text-to- world).1.L1b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.What is a possessive noun?Identify possessive nouns.b. Use common, proper, and possessive nouns. (possessive)What are verbs?Identify verbs.1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.What are verbs?Identify verbs.1.L.1e Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.What are verbs?Identify verbs.0. Use verbs to convey a sense of past, present, and future (e.g., Yesterday I walked home;What is past? Present? Future?Determine if a verb is present, past, or future.

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Book of Lists	Today I walk home; Tomorrow I will walk home.)	What ways can you change a verb?	Write sentences using verbs correctly in own personal writing.	
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons: The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists	 1.L.1j Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard-English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. j. Produce and expand complete simple and compound declarative, interrogative. imperative, and exclamatory sentences in response to prompts. 	 What is a statement? What is a command? What is a question? What is an exclamation? How can you change or add to an exclamatory sentence to make it more specific or descriptive (voice)? 	Identify if a sentence tells, asks, or shows a strong feeling. Distinguish between declarative, imperative, interrogative, and exclamatory sentences. Use correct end punctuation at the end of statements, commands, questions, and exclamatory sentences. Identify in text why a character uses one of the kinds of sentences. Write different kinds of sentences.	Statement Command Question Exclamatory Period Question mark Exclamation mark Sentence End punctuation How/When/Why/ Where/What etc.
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons: The Reading Teacher's	 1.L.2b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization. punctuation. and spelling when writing. b. Use end punctuation for sentences. (question mark) 	What is a question mark? When should a sentence end with a question mark?	Understand how to respond to interrogative sentences specific to when, where, why, how, etc. Identify sentences that ask. Write sentences that ask	Question mark Capitalization End Punctuation Who, what, when, where, how, why

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Book of Lists		What words begin a question sentence? (who, what, when, where, how, why)	(interrogative). Use question marks at the end of interrogative sentences.	
3 rd Quarter The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists	 1.L.2c Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. c. Use commas in dates and to separate single words in a series. (in a series of words) 	What is a comma? Where do commas go to separate words in a list? How would you put a list of words into a sentence?	Identify a comma.Create a group of 3-4 words for a specific category (i.e., purple, green, yellow, and red).Use a comma to separate a series of words in sentence.Demonstrate the use of a comma in a series of words in personal writing.	Punctuation Comma Series of words List
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons: The Reading	 1.L.2d Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization. punctuation. and spelling when writing. d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling 	What are vowel pairs? Do vowel pairs make a short or long vowel sound?	Identify vowel pairs in words. Read vowel pairs with the correct sound. Write words with vowel pairs.	Vowel pairs Spelling patterns
Teacher's Book of Lists 3 rd Quarter	<u>patterns</u> and for frequently occurring <u>irregular words.</u> (vowel pairs) 1.L.4b Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-	What is a suffix?	Identify words with suffixes –ly and –ful.	suffix Word clues

The Reading Teacher's Book of Lists	meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word. (-ly, -ful)	What do suffixes do to a word? What does a word mean with the suffix -ly? –ful?	Add the suffixes –ly and –ful to base words. Tell/describe the meaning of words with suffixes –ly and –ful.	Base word
Writing				
3 rd Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.W.2 Write informative/explanatory texts in which they <u>name a topic</u> , <u>supply some facts about the topic</u> , <u>and provide some sense of closure</u> .	What is your purpose as the author for writing this piece? How do the facts support your topic? Where did you find your facts?	Identify a topic. Locate 3-4 facts about a topic. Write an informative piece that uses facts to construct a deeper meaning. Cite resources used and provide a sense of closure.	Informative Explanatory Closure Main topic Main idea Key details Cite Text support Facts Information
3 rd Quarter	1.W.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. (guided and teacher modeling)	What is an opinion? How is it similar or different from a fact? What is a topic? What reasons from the text help make your opinion?	 Distinguish between fact and opinion. Give an opinion about a topic. Provide 2-3 opinions for a topic. Produce a shared writing piece about a topic with reasons and a sense of closure. 	Opinion Reason Fact Introduce Topic Support Main Idea Title Closure

3 rd Quarter	1.W.8 With guidance and support	What is important	Recall information from	Experience
	from adults, recall information from	about your experience?	personal experiences to create a	Information
Journeys	experiences or gather information		personal narrative.	Recall
Lessons:	from provided sources to answer a	What happened first?		Sources
	question.	Next? Last?	Gather information from a text	
			to answer questions about a	
		Where in the text did	topic.	
		you find the		
		information?	Relate information to their own	
		3	experiences.	
	RESPECT		CATTORN	
	REVERENC		Produce a shared writing piece	
			(paragraph).	



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Timeline & Resources	AZ College and Career Readiness Standard	Essential Question (HESS Matrix)	Learning Goal	Vocabulary (Content/Academic)
Reading Litera	ature			
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.7 Use illustrations and details in a story to describe its characters, setting, or events.	 What does the illustration tell about the story? What word or words in the text relate to the illustration? What does the illustration show that the text does not? (vice versa) 	 Describe a character using details and illustrations as clues. Describe the setting throughout a story using details and illustrations. Describe events in a story using details and illustrations. Make inferences about a character(s), setting, or events in a story from the text and illustrations. 	Illustration Details Characters Setting Events Text feature Describe
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RL.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories. (experiences)	What does a character do that another character does not? How is a character similar/different to another character from a different story?	Describe the similarities and differences between different aspects of multiple characters in a story (i.e., personality, actions, mannerisms, thoughts, etc.). Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of multiple characters within a text.	Compare Contrast Similar Different Characters Adventures Experiences Plot

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4 th Quarter	1.RL.10 With prompting and support, read prose and poetry of appropriate	What is a poem?	Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters across multiple texts. Read poems with fluency and prosity.	Prose Poem
Journeys Lessons:	<u>complexity</u> for grade 1.	What is a prose?What is the purpose of poems?What is the poem about? How do you know (text support)?	Describe the meaning of poems read. Identify what the poem is about.	Poetry Genre Purpose
Reading Inform				
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.7 Use the illustrations and details in a text to describe its key ideas.	What do the illustrations tell us about the key details?How do the illustrations support the key details?How does the text support the illustration?	Describe key details using illustrations (pictures, graphs, etc.) Describe key details using the text. Describe key details using illustrations and text to support.	Illustrations Key details Describe Key ideas Informational text
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.RI.8 Identify the reasons an author gives to support points in a text.	What is the author's purpose for writing the text? What would be your	Identify the author's purpose from the details and reasons given in the text. Predict how a text would change if	Author Purpose Informational text Non-fiction Reasons

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		purpose for writing an expository text?	the author changed his/her purpose.	Supporting facts Information
		If an author changed his/her purpose, how do you think the text would change?	Cite reasons an author gives directly from the text.	
4 th Quarter	1.RI.9 Identify basic similarities in	What information does	Write a piece for an illustration	Similarity
Lournous	and differences between two texts on	the text give that the illustration does not?	that provides similarities and differences.	Difference Text-to-text
Journeys Lessons:	the same topic (e.g., in illustrations, descriptions, or procedures).	(vice versa)	unierences.	Topics
10350113.	descriptions, or procedures).	(vice versa)	Draw an illustration for a text	Main idea
		What information	that includes tw <mark>o</mark> details not	Informational text
		would you add to either t <mark>he text or</mark>	found in the text.	Text features
		illustration to make the	Draw an ill <mark>us</mark> tration for a text	
		two pieces similar? Or different?	that provides the same facts found in the text.	
Reading Found	ations			
4 th Quarter	1.RF.3e Know and apply grade-level <u>phonics and word analysis skills</u> in	What is a syllable?	Segment individual phonemes in a single-syllable	Syllables Double consonant
Journeys	decoding words.	How would you spell	word.	Vowel
Lessons:	e. <u>Decode two-syllable words</u>	one syllable words?		CVC
	following basic patterns by		Blend individual sounds into a	Consonant
	breaking the words into	How many syllables	single-syllable word.	Blend
	syllables.	are in this word?		Decode
		What does each	Segment a two-syllable word into its syllables.	
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		syllable have? (vowel sound)		
he prefix or suffix. Prefix Base word fix or suffix as clues to	Identify the base word Identify the prefix or Use a prefix or suffix the meaning of the wo		 1.RF.4b Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on <i>grade 1 reading and content,</i> choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word. 	4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:
e than one inflectional a root word. Is with inflectional	that can be added to a		 1.RF.4c Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. c. Identify frequently occurring root words (e.g., look) and their inflectional forms (e.g., looks, looked, looking). 	4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:
				Language
o show ownership or Common	Use possessive noun writing to show own belonging.	What does a possessive noun tell us in a sentence?	1.L.1b Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.	4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:
-	Deloligili	What do you add to a		Lessons:

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	possessive nouns.	noun to make it a possessive noun?		
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	 1.L.1d Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. d. Use personal, possessive, and indefinite pronouns (e.g., <i>I, me, my; they, them, their; anyone, everything</i>). 	What are pronouns? What pronouns would you use to describe?	Use the correct pronoun based on the situation (per grouping). Locate in text and tell who the pronoun is describing. Write sentences using correct pronouns.	Pronouns Personal Possessive Indefinite
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.L.1g Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. g. Use frequently occurring conjunctions (e.g., and, but, or, so, because).	What is a conjunction? What do conjunctions do? What conjunction would you use to put these two words or two phrases together? Why?	Identify conjunctions in text. Understand the purpose of conjunctions. Write sentences using correct conjunctions to join phrases or words.	Conjunctions Sentence Grammar wall Word phrases
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	 1.L.1i Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., during, beyond, toward). 	What is a preposition?What is a prepositional phrase?What do prepositional phrases tell?	Locate prepositions in sentences. Distinguish between prepositions that tell where and when. Expand simple sentences by adding prepositional phrases to	Preposition Prepositional phrase Where/when

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		What prepositions tell when? What prepositions tell where?	make a sentence more complex.	
4 th Quarter Journeys	1.L.2d Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	What sounds do dipthongs make?	Sort words by dipthong pattern. Read words with dipthongs.	Vowel pairs Dipthongs Spelling
Lessons:	spelling when writing. d. Use conventional spelling for words with common spelling patterns and for frequently occurring irregular words. (dipthongs)	What dipthongs make similar sounds?	Spell words with dipthongs.	Long vowel sound
4 th Quarter	1.L.4b Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-	What is prefix?	Identify words with the prefix pre	prefix Base word
Journeys Lessons:	meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies. b. Use frequently occurring affixes as a clue to the meaning of a word. (pre-)	How does the prefix pre- change the meaning of a word? What words can you add the prefix pre- to?	Describe the meaning of words with the prefix pre	
4 th Quarter	1.L.5a With guidance and support from adults, demonstrate	What word does not go with this group?	Sort words into similar categories based on word meanings.	Category Word meaning
Journeys Lessons:	understanding of word relationships and nuances in word meanings.	What words go together?	Identify the concept a category	Negative meaning (NOT)

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	a. Sort words into categories (e.g., colors, clothing) to gain a sense of the concepts the categories represent.	Why? What words can we add to this group? Why?	represents by identifying the relationship between the words in a category.	
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.L.6 Use words and phrases acquired through conversations, reading and being read to, and responding to texts, including using frequently occurring conjunctions to signal simple relationships (e.g., <i>because</i>).	What is a conjunction?What do conjunctions do?What conjunction would you use to put these two words or two phrases together? Why?	Identify conjunctions in text. Understand the purpose of conjunctions. Write sentences using correct conjunctions to join phrases or words.	Phrase Conjunction Relationship
4 th Quarter	1.L.3 N/A			
Writing				
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.W.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure. (less guided/more independent)	What reasons from the text help make your opinion?Who is your audience?What is closure?How would you end your paper?	 Give an opinion about a topic. Provide 2-3 opinions for a topic. Write an opinion piece about a topic stating an opinion with reasons from a text. Cite resources and provide a sense of closure. 	Opinion Reason Support Topic Closure Main idea Detail sentence
4 th Quarter	1.W.5 With guidance and support	What is the writing	Read peers' papers and give	Edit
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Journeys Lessons:	from adults, focus on a topic, respond to questions and suggestions from peers, and add details to strengthen writing as needed.	process? What is revision? What is editing? What is peer critique?	suggestions on main topic and details.	Revise Details Suggestion Peer edit
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.W.6 With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.	What is publishing? What is the purpose of publishing? Why is publishing important?	Create a final draft after revisions and editing. Type up final draft on computer/word program.	Digital tools Produce Publish Computer Microsoft word Keyboard
4 th Quarter Journeys Lessons:	1.W.7 Participate in shared research and writing projects (e.g., explore a number of "how-to" books on a given topic and use them to write a sequence of instructions).	What is a "how-to" book? Why are instructions important? Why is following instructions important? Why should instructions be in sequence?	Participate in a shared research and writing project. Read "How-to" books and retell the steps in a sequence of instructions.	Shared research Writing project Instructions Directions Sequence
4 th Quarter	1.W.9 N/A Begins in grade 4			
4 th Quarter	1.W.10 N/A Begins in grade 3			